

ADAPT / FloatSmith

Floating-Point Precision Tuning

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CONTEXT

- HPC applications extensively use floating point arithmetic operations
- Computer architectures support multiple levels of precision
 - Higher precision - improve accuracy
 - Lower precision - reduces running time, memory pressure, energy consumption
- Mixed precision arithmetic: using multiple levels of precision in a single program
- Manually optimizing for mixed precision is challenging



GOAL

Develop an automated analysis technique for using the lowest precision sufficient to achieve a desired output accuracy to improve running time and reduce power and memory pressure.



ADAPT APPROACH

Uses first order Taylor series approximation to estimate the rounding errors in variables.

$$\Delta y = f'(a) \Delta x \text{ for } y=f(x) \text{ at } x=a$$

Generalizing it:

$$\Delta y = f_{x_1}'(a_1) \Delta x_1 + \dots + f_{x_n}'(a_n) \Delta x_n \text{ for } y=f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \text{ at } x_i=a_i$$

Obtained $f'(a)$ at $x=a$ using algorithmic differentiation (AD)

Reverse mode of AD - all the variables with respect to the output in a single execution.



ALGORITHMIC DIFFERENTIATION (AD)

Compute the derivative of the output of a function with respect to its inputs

- A program is a sequence of operations
- Apply the chain rule of differentiation
- AD has been used in sensitivity analysis in various domains
- AD tools: CoDiPack, Tapenade

Alternatives to AD : Symbolic differentiation, Finite difference

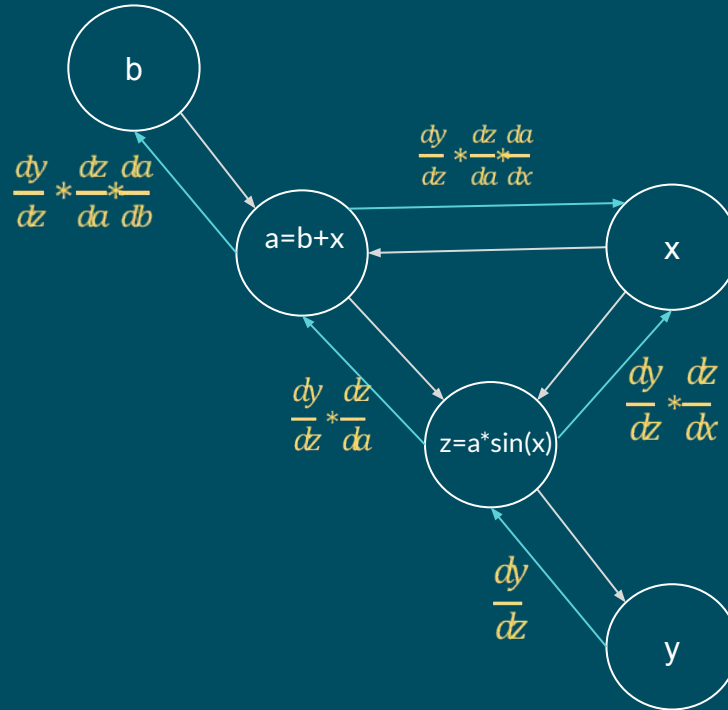


ADAPT

- Estimate the output error due to lowering the precision
- Identify variables that can be in lower precision
- Use mixed-precision to achieve a desired output accuracy while improving performance
- Automatic floating-point sensitivity analysis
 - Identifies critical code regions that need to be in higher precision

REVERSE MODE OF ALGORITHMIC DIFFERENTIATION

$a = b + x;$
 $z = a * \sin(x);$
 $y = 2 * z;$



$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dz} * \frac{dz}{dx} + \frac{dy}{dz} * \frac{dz}{da} * \frac{da}{dx}$$



MIXED PRECISION ALLOCATION

Estimate the error due to lowering the precision of every dynamic instance of a variable

Aggregate the error over all dynamic instance of the variable

Greedy approach

- Sort variables based on error contribution
- Variables switched to lower precision - estimated error contribution within threshold



LIMITATIONS OF ADAPT

Analysis limited to the input used

Use representative datasets

Control-flow divergence

Consider control-flow variables as one of the dependent variables

Memory requirements

Periodic checkpointing

Source code available:
<https://github.com/LLNL/adapt-fp>

Questions?

Author contacts: lam2mo@jmu.edu, harshitha@llnl.gov

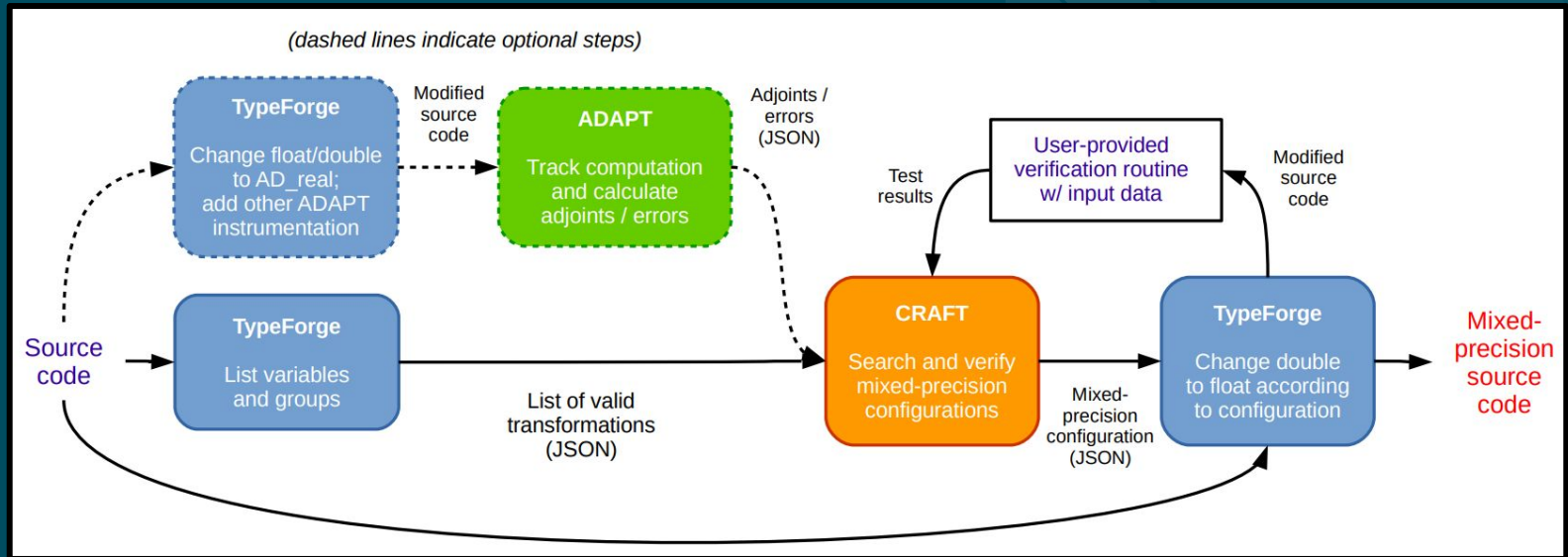
Harshitha Menon, Michael O. Lam, Daniel Osei-Kuffuor, Markus Schordan, Scott Lloyd, Kathryn Mohror, Jeffrey Hittinger. ADAPT: Algorithmic Differentiation Applied to Floating-Point Precision Tuning. In Proceedings of SC'18.

TOOL INTEGRATION FOR MIXED PRECISION

- Goal: automate source-level mixed-precision search and prototyping
- Method: integrate three existing software tools
 - TypeForge (detects possible changes; performs source translation)
 - CRAFT (searches for speedup)
 - ADAPT (optional; used to narrow search space for CRAFT)
- Result: automated pipeline requiring minimal user input (FloatSmith)
 - E.g., for a simple Make-based projects where the output should remain unchanged:

```
floatsmith -B --run "./your_program"
```

FLOATSMITH



MIXED-PRECISION SEARCHING

- Reduce search space w/ recommendations from ADAPT
 - Only consider recommended replacements
- Reduce search space w/ static analysis info from TypeForge
 - Identify type dependencies
 - Only consider feasible change sets
- Vary search strategy in CRAFT
 - Combinational, compositional, delta-debugging, and hierarchical+compositional

SEARCH STRATEGIES

- Combinational
 - All combinations--not feasible for most programs
- Compositional
 - Try each variable individually then compose passing changes
- Delta debugging
 - Binary search (algorithm from Precimonious)
- Hierarchical + Compositional
 - Breadth-first search on program structure, then compositional

Source code available:

<https://github.com/crafthpc/floatsmith>

Docker container available:

<https://hub.docker.com/r/lam2mo/floatsmith>

Questions?

Author contact: lam2mo@jmu.edu

“Tool Integration for Source-Level Mixed Precision.”

Michael O. Lam, Tristan Vanderbruggen, Harshitha Menon, Markus Schordan.

To appear, Correctness'19 workshop at SC'19.

Workshop presentation TOMORROW at 12:00pm (noon) in room 712

Exercises



Exercises with ADAPT and FloatSmith

1. ADAPT

- a. Annotate the code with ADAPT annotations
- b. Specify the tolerated output error
- c. Compile and run the code

2. FloatSmith

- a. Specify how to run the code

```
/Module-ADAPT_Floatsmith
|---/exercise-1
|---/exercise-2
|---/exercise-3
|---/exercise-4
|---/exercise-5
|---/exercise-6
```

Exercise 1



Exercise 1: Compiling with ADAPT

- Open Makefile file
- Note ADAPTFLAGS options (must include ADAPT and CoDiPack)
- Open simpsons-adapt.cpp
- Take a look at the annotations
 - `AD_begin()`
 - `AD_INDEPENDENT()`
 - `AD_INTERMEDIATE()`
 - `AD_DEPENDENT()`
 - `AD_report()`
- Execute:
 - `$ make clean`
 - `$ make`

Exercise 1: Evaluate using ADAPT

- Run the code:
 - ./run-exercise1.sh
- Internally the scripts runs:
 - ./simpsons
 - ./simpsons-adapt

Output error threshold set

ADAPT output


Estimated output error

```
$ sh run-exercise1.sh
===== All variables in double precision =====
ans: 2.000000000067576e+00

===== ADAPT Floating-Point Analysis =====

ans: 2.000000000067576e+00
Output error threshold : 1.000000e-07
=== BEGIN ADAPT REPORT ===
8000011 total independent/intermediate variables
1 dependent variables
Mixed-precision recommendation:
  Replace variable a      max error introduced: 0.000000e+00  count: 1          totalerr: 0.000000e+00
  Replace variable b      max error introduced: 0.000000e+00  count: 1          totalerr: 0.000000e+00
  Replace variable h      max error introduced: 4.152677e-15  count: 1          totalerr: 4.152677e-15
  Replace variable pi     max error introduced: 9.154282e-14  count: 1          totalerr: 9.569550e-14
  Replace variable xarg   max error introduced: 5.523091e-13  count: 2000002    totalerr: 6.480046e-13
  Replace variable result max error introduced: 2.967209e-11  count: 2000002    totalerr: 3.032010e-11
  DO NOT replace s1      max error introduced: 3.932171e-02  count: 2000002    totalerr: 3.932171e-02
  DO NOT replace x       max error introduced: 4.219682e-02  count: 2000001    totalerr: 8.151854e-02
=== END ADAPT REPORT ===
```

Exercise 2



Exercise 2: Evaluate suggested mixed precision and all float

1. Open simpsons-mixed.cpp
2. Take a look at the variables converted to lower precision

```
float pi;

float fun(float xarg) {
    float result;
    result = sin(pi * xarg);
    return result;
}

int main( int argc, char **argv) {

    const int n = 1000000;
    float a; float b;
    float h; double s1; double x;
    ...
}
```

Exercise 2: Run mixed precision and all float

- Run make:
 - make
- Run the different versions:
 - ./run_exercise2.sh
- Internally the script runs:
 - ./simpsons
 - ./simpsons-float
 - ./simpsons-mixed

```
$ make
g++-7 -O3 -Wall -o simpsons simpsons.cpp -lm
g++-7 -O3 -Wall -o simpsons-float simpsons-float.cpp -lm
g++-7 -O3 -Wall -o simpsons-mixed simpsons-mixed.cpp -lm

$ sh run-exercise2.sh
===== All variables in double precision =====
ans: 2.000000000067576e+00

===== All variables in float =====
ans: 2.038122653961182e+00 output error: 3.81227e-02

===== Mixed precision version =====
ans: 2.000000000020178e+00 output error: 4.73981e-11
```

Mixed precision:
Output error: 4.73e-11
ADAPT predicted error: 3.03e-11

All float:
Output error: 3.81e-02
ADAPT predicted error: 8.15e-02

Exercise 3



Exercise 3: Run with FloatSmith

- Open `run-exercise3.sh`
 - Note environment variables
 - Most dependencies are just git clones
 - TypeForge requires Rose compiler framework
- Command: `floatsmith -B --run "./simpsons" --adapt`
 - `-B` “batch” mode; no interactive questions
 - `--run` how to invoke program (built by default with “make”)
 - `--adapt` use ADAPT to narrow search

Exercise 3: Run with FloatSmith

- Run `./run-exercise3.sh`
 - Note similar ADAPT results (now via automated instrumentation)
 - Search to find speedup (none found)
- Examine `.floatsmith/search/final/simpsons.cpp`
 - Same (non-speedup) replacement as in Exercise 2
 - Can build with “make” and run with “./simpsons”

```
=== BEGIN ADAPT REPORT ===
6000010 total independent/intermediate variables
1 dependent variables
Mixed-precision recommendation:
  Replace variable ::main(int,char **)::b
  Replace variable ::main(int,char **)::a
  Replace variable ::main(int,char **)::h
  Replace variable pi
  Replace variable ::fun(double,)::result
  DO NOT replace ::main(int,char **)::x
  DO NOT replace ::main(int,char **)::s1
=== END ADAPT REPORT ===
```

```
Total candidates:          5
Total configs tested:      31
Total executed:           31
Total passed:              31
Total failed:              0
Total aborted:             0
Done. [Total elapsed walltime: 0:01:12]
```

```
...
float a;
float b;
float h;
double s1;
double x;
...
```

Exercise 4

Exercise 4: Speedup with FloatSmith

- Open axpy.cpp
 - Vectorizable arithmetic
- Open run-exercise4.sh
 - Command: `floatsmith -B --run "./axpy"`
 - No ADAPT here due to memory requirements
- Run `./run-exercise4.sh`
 - Make take several mins
 - “Speedup achieved!”

```
Candidate queue exhausted. [Max queue length: ~3 item(s)]
Generating final configuration ... Done.
Testing final configuration ... Success!

Top instrumented (passed):      Runtime (s)      Speedup (X)
- a+x                          0.92             1.49
- x                             0.94             1.46
- a                             1.37             1.00

Speedup achieved! (max: 1.49x, baseline: 1.37s)

Total candidates:              3
Total configs tested:          4
Total executed:                 4
Total passed:                   3
Total failed:                   1
Total aborted:                  0
Done. [Total elapsed walltime: 0:01:33]
```

Exercise 4: Speedup with FloatSmith

- Examine `.floatsmith/search/final/axpy.cpp`
 - Can build with “`CXX=g++-7 make`” and run with “`./axpy`”
 - Run with “`/usr/bin/time -v ./axpy`”
 - Resident set size reduced by 25%
 - Page faults reduced by 25%

```
// can be float
float a = 10.0;
// can be float
float x[100000000];
// must be double
double y[100000000];
```

ORIGINAL:

```
Command being timed: "./axpy"
User time (seconds): 0.70
System time (seconds): 0.66
Percent of CPU this job got: 100%
Elapsed (wall clock) time (h:mm:ss or m:ss): 0:01.37
...
Maximum resident set size (kbytes): 1564080
...
Minor (reclaiming a frame) page faults: 390685
```

MIXED-PRECISION:

```
Command being timed: "./axpy"
User time (seconds): 0.42
System time (seconds): 0.49
Percent of CPU this job got: 100%
Elapsed (wall clock) time (h:mm:ss or m:ss): 0:00.92
...
Maximum resident set size (kbytes): 1173480
...
Minor (reclaiming a frame) page faults: 293029
```

Exercise 5



Exercise 5: Floating-Point analysis of HPCCG

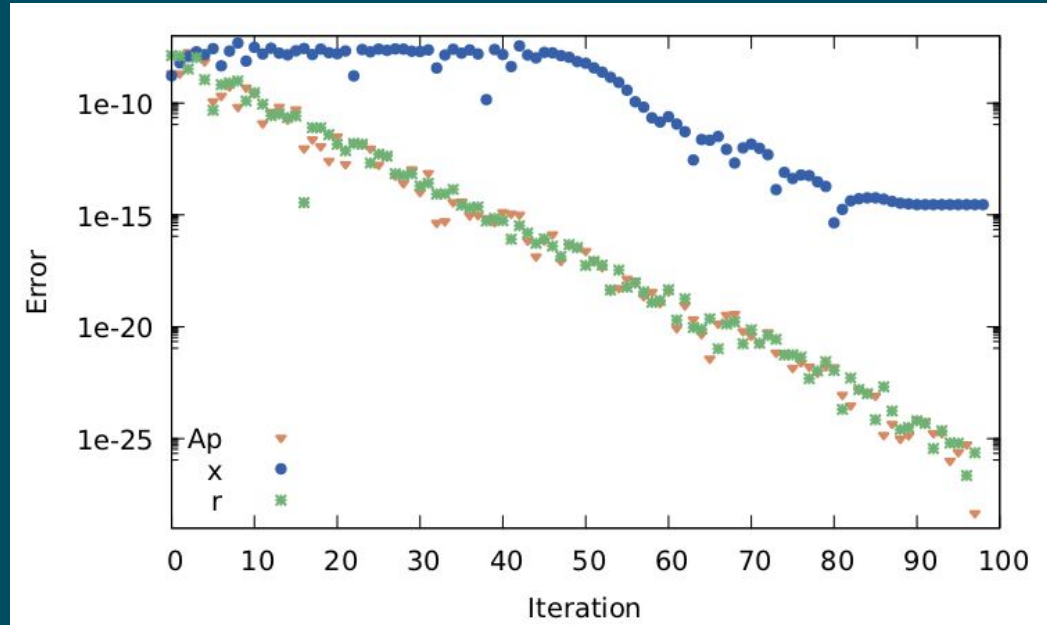
- HPCCG
 - Mini-application from the Mantevo benchmark suite
 - Conjugate gradient benchmark code
- HPCCG is an iterative application
 - We evaluate floating-point sensitivity of variables across different iterations

Exercise 5: HPCCG example with ADAPT

- Compile with ADAPT
 - make
- Run with ADAPT
 - ./run-exercise5.sh
- View resulting graph
 - evince variter.pdf

After 20 iterations error from A_p and r are below $1.0e-10$

After 60 iterations error in x below $1.0e-10$



Exercise 6

Exercise 6: Mixed precision version of HPCCG

- Runs first 60 iterations in doubles and then in float
- Compile and run
 - make
 - ./run-exercise6.sh
- Output error within threshold

```
Initial Residual = 1358.72
Iteration = 10   Residual = 66.0369
Iteration = 20   Residual = 0.87865
Iteration = 30   Residual = 0.0151087
Iteration = 40   Residual = 0.000381964
...
Iteration = 99   Residual = 7.81946e-15
Mini-Application Name: hpccg
Mini-Application Version: 1.0
Parallelism:
  MPI not enabled:
  OpenMP not enabled:
Dimensions:
  nx: 20
  ny: 30
  nz: 160
Number of iterations: : 99
Final residual: : 7.81946e-15
***** Performance Summary (times in sec) *****:
Time Summary:
...
```

FloatSmith interactive mode video

```
Initializing variable search: strategy=cooperative
Generating initial configuration ... (using base: /opt/floatsmith/demos/axpy/.floatsmith/craft_initial.json) Done.
Performing baseline performance test ... Done. [Base error: 0.0 walltime: 0:00:01 casts: 1]
Configuration test timeout limit is 1 second(s).
Initializing search strategy ... Done. [3 candidates]
Added config a to workqueue.
Added config x to workqueue.
Added config y to workqueue.
Initialization complete. Starting main search routine with 3 configuration(s) in the queue.

Testing config a.
Testing config x.
Testing config y.
Finished a: Success! Walltime: 0:00:01 Speedup: 0.90x Error: 0 New casts: 2 [Queue length: 0]
Finished x: Success! Walltime: 0:00:01 Speedup: 1.04x Error: 0 New casts: 1 [Queue length: 0]
Added config ax to workqueue.
Finished y: FAILED! Walltime: 0:00:01 Speedup: 0.99x Error: 0 New casts: 2 [Queue length: 1]
Testing config ax.
Finished ax: Success! Walltime: 0:00:00 Speedup: 1.43x Error: 0 New casts: 2 [Queue length: 0]

Candidate queue exhausted. [Max queue length: -1 item(s)]
Generating final configuration ... Done.
Testing final configuration ... Success

Top instrumented (passed):          Runtime (s)          Speedup (X)
-- ax                               0.76                  1.43
-- x                                 1.05                  1.04
-- a                                 1.11                  0.90

Speedup achieved: (max: 1.43x, baseline: 1.00x)

Total candidates: 3
Total configs tested: 4
Total executed: 4
Total passed: 3
Total failed: 1
Total aborted: 0
Done. [Total elapsed walltime: 0:01:17]

Search results are located in /opt/floatsmith/demos/axpy/.floatsmith/search
If found, the recommended configuration is located in /opt/floatsmith/demos/axpy/.floatsmith/search/final

== FloatSmith complete ==
user@cs46ad3c3b65:/opt/floatsmith/demos/axpy$
```

tinyurl.com/SC19FSdemo