FPChecker
Detecting Floating-Point Exceptions in GPUs

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http://fpanalysistools.org/

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Trapping Floating-Point Exceptions in CPU Code

Floating-Point Arithmetic Standard (IEEE 754)

1. Invalid operation
2. Division by zero
3. Overflow
4. Underflow
5. Inexact calculation

- When an exceptions occurs, it is signaled
  - System sets a flag or takes a trap
  - Status flag FPSCR set by default
- The system (e.g., Linux) can also cause the floating-point exception signal to be raised
  - SIGFPE

CUDA has Limited Support for Detecting Floating-Point Exceptions

- CUDA: programming language of NVIDIA GPUs
- CUDA has no mechanism to detect exceptions
  - As of CUDA version: 10
- All operations behave as if exceptions are masked

You may have “hidden” exceptions in your CUDA program
Detecting the Result of Exceptions in a CUDA Program

- Place `printf` statements in the code (as many as possible)

```c
double x = 0;
x = x/x;
printf("res = %e\n", x);
```

- Programming checks are available in CUDA:

```c
__device__ int isnan ( float a );
__device__ int isnan ( double a );
```

- Also available `isinf`

These solutions are not ideal; they require significant programming effort
Goals of FPChecker

● Automatically detect the location of FP exceptions in NVIDIA GPUs
  ○ Report file & line number
  ○ No extra programming efforts required
● Report input operands
● Use software-based approach (compiler)
● Analyze optimized code
Workflow of FPChecker

Compilation phase

Execution phase

Compilation phase:
- CUDA Program
- LLVM Compiler
- Instrumentation
  - Runtime device code
  - host code
  - Binary

Execution phase:
- Runtime
- Binary
- Exceptions Report

Input
How to Use FPChecker

1. Use clang as compiler for CUDA

2. Include path of FPChecker runtime system

3. Tell clang to load the instrumentation library
Example of Compilation Configuration

Use clang instead of NVCC

```
#CXX = nvcc
CXX = /path/to/clang++
CUFLAGS = -std=c++11 --cuda-gpu-arch=sm_60 -g
FPCHECK_FLAGS = -Xclang -load -Xclang /path/libfpchecker.so \ 
               -include Runtime.h -I/path/fpchecker/src
CXXFLAGS += $(FPCHECK_FLAGS)
```

- Load instrumentation library
- Include runtime header file
What Happens At Runtime?

Mode 1
Errors abort
- If exception is detected, we signal a trap instruction
- Kernel aborts execution

Mode 2
Errors don’t abort
- If exception is detected, we store the location in global memory
- At the end of kernels, we check if exceptions occurred
  - If so, it prints a report
- Slightly higher overhead than mode 1
Errors Abort Mode

Given a floating-point operation
• Resulted in +INF or -INF?
• Resulted in NaN?
• Is an underflow?
• Is an overflow?
• Is latent underflow/overflow?

No synchronization when checking

Interrupt routine:
• Threads (in block) get a lock
• First thread signals trap instruction

main() {
    kernel1<<<N,M>>>();
    kernel2<<<N,M>>>();
    kernel3<<<N,M>>>();
}
We report **Warnings** for Latent Underflows/Overflows

- **Normal**
- **Subnormal**
- **Subnormal**
- **Normal**

**Danger zone**

- **-D FPC_DANGER_ZONE_PERCENT=x.x:**
  - a. Changes the size of the danger zone.
  - b. By default, x.x is 0.10, and it should be a number between 0.0 and 1.0.
Example of Error Report

+--------------------------- FPChecker Error Report ---------------------------+  
Error : Underflow  
Operation : MUL (9.999888672e-321)  
File : dot_product_raja.cpp  
Line : 32
+------------------------------------------------------------------------------+
Overhead of FPChecker

Average slowdown observed in three mini applications: 1.3x - 1.5x

Slowdown depends on:

- Mode of operation
- Floating-point instructions per kernel
- Kernel execution frequency
Source code available:
https://github.com/LLNL/FPChecker

Questions?

http://fpanalysis.tools.org/
Exercises
Exercises with FPChecker

1. Compile and run CUDA application with Clang
2. Compile application with Clang & FPChecker
3. ERRORS_ABORT: NaN exception
4. ERRORS_DONT_ABORT: INF exception

Directory Structure

/Module-FPChecker
  |--/exercise-1
  |--/exercise-2
  |--/exercise-3
  `--/exercise-4
Application: LULESH

- Proxy application developed at LLNL
- Models a shock hydrodynamics problem
- LULESH version 2.0.2 for CUDA
  - Input: -s N
  - N: integer
  - Example: ./lulesh -s 5
    - Runs a 5x5x5 problem
- https://computation.llnl.gov/projects/co-design/lulesh
Exercise 1
Exercise 1: Compiling CUDA with Clang

- Open Makefile file
- Take a look at this compilation options:
  - NVCC = clang++
    - Indicates to use clang as the CUDA compiler
  - FLAGS = -g --cuda-gpu-arch=sm_35
    - Use debug information (-g)
    - Use CUDA compute capability (architecture) sm_35
- Execute:
  - $ make clean
  - $ make
Exercise 1: Output

```
$ make
clang++ -g --cuda-gpu-arch=sm_35 -Wno-mismatched-new-delete -Wno-format-extra-args -O3 -DNDEBUG allocator.cu -I ./ -c -o allocator.o
clang++ -g --cuda-gpu-arch=sm_35 -Wno-mismatched-new-delete -Wno-format-extra-args -O3 -DNDEBUG lulesh.cu -I ./ -c -o lulesh.o
clang++ -g --cuda-gpu-arch=sm_35 -Wno-mismatched-new-delete -Wno-format-extra-args -O3 -DNDEBUG lulesh-comms.cu -I ./ -c -o lulesh-comms.o
clang++ -L/usr/local/cuda-8.0/lib64/ -lcuda -lcudart allocator.o lulesh.o lulesh-comms.o lulesh-comms-gpu.o -o lulesh
```
Exercise 1: Running LULESH

- Run LULESH:
  ○ `./run_lulesh.sh`

- Internally the scripts runs:
  ○ `./lulesh -s 5`

```bash
$ ./run_lulesh.sh
Host ip-172-31-37-229 using GPU 0: Tesla K80
Running until t=0.010000, Problem size=5x5x5
cycle = 1, time = 3.417997e-04, dt=3.417997e-04
cycle = 2, time = 7.519594e-04, dt=4.101597e-04
cycle = 3, time = 8.925464e-04, dt=1.405871e-04
cycle = 4, time = 1.009948e-03, dt=1.174011e-04
...
...
cycle = 72, time = 1.000000e-02, dt=1.193338e-04
Run completed:
  Problem size     =  5
  MPI tasks        =  1
  Iteration count  =  72
  Final Origin Energy = 7.853665e+03
  Testing Plane 0 of Energy Array on rank 0:
    MaxAbsDiff     = 4.547474e-13
    TotalAbsDiff   = 1.405569e-12
    MaxRelDiff     = 4.974166e-15

Elapsed time         =       0.02 (s)
Grind time (us/z/c)  = 1.6841111 (per dom) (1.6841111 overall)
FOM                  = 593.78505 (z/s)
```
Exercise 2
Exercise 2: Compile Application with FPChecker

1. Open Makefile
2. Take a look at FPChecker flags

```
FPCHECKER_PATH = /opt/fpchecker/install
LLVM_PASS = -Xclang -load -Xclang $(FPCHECKER_PATH)/lib/libfpchecker.so \
    -include Runtime.h -I$(FPCHECKER_PATH)/src

OTHER_FLAGS = $(LLVM_PASS) -Wno-mismatched-new-delete -Wno-format-extra-args

NVCC = clang++
FLAGS = -g --cuda-gpu-arch=sm_35
DFLAGS = $(OTHER_FLAGS) -lineinfo
RFLAGS = $(OTHER_FLAGS) -O3 -DNDEBUG
```
Exercise 2: Compile Application with FPChecker

- Run make:
  - make

FPChecker output:

```
$ make
clang++ -g --cuda-gpu-arch=sm_35 -Xclang -load -Xclang
/opt/fpchecker/install/lib/libfpchecker.so -include Runtime.h
-I/opt/fpchecker/install/src -Wno-mismatched-new-delete -Wno-format-extra-args -O3
-DNDEBUG allocator.cu -I ./ -c -o allocator.o
#FPCHECKER: Initializing instrumentation
#FPCHECKER: Pointer value (fp32_check_add_function): 0
...
clang++ -g --cuda-gpu-arch=sm_35 -Xclang -load -Xclang
/opt/fpchecker/install/lib/libfpchecker.so -include Runtime.h
-I/opt/fpchecker/install/src -Wno-mismatched-new-delete -Wno-format-extra-args -O3
-DNDEBUG lulesh.cu -I ./ -c -o lulesh.o
#FPCHECKER: Initializing instrumentation
#FPCHECKER: Pointer value (fp32_check_add_function): 0
#FPCHECKER: Found _FPC_DEVICE_CODE_FUNC_
#FPCHECKER: Found _FPC_PRINT_ERRORS_
...
#FPCHECKER: Entering main loop in instrumentFunction
#FPCHECKER: Instrumented operations: 15
#FPCHECKER: Leaving main loop in instrumentFunction
#FPCHECKER: Instrumenting function: _Z31CalcAccelerationForNodes_kerneliPdS_S_S_S_S_S_
#FPCHECKER: Entering main loop in instrumentFunction
#FPCHECKER: Instrumented operations: 4
```
Exercise 3
Exercise 3: NaN Exception & ERRORS_ABORT

- We inject a synthetic a NaN exception in LULESH
- FPChecker is run in ERRORS_ABORT mode
  - Detects the first exception
  - Reports the exception
  - Aborts
Exercise 3: Synthetic NaN Exception

- We inject a synthetic NaN exception in LULESH
  - See file: lulesh.cu
  - Line: 2868

```c
__global__
void CalcAccelerationForNodes_kernel(int numNode,
Real_t *xdd, Real_t *ydd, Real_t *zdd,
Real_t *fx, Real_t *fy, Real_t *fz,
Real_t *nodalMass)
{
    int tid=blockDim.x*blockIdx.x+threadIdx.x;
    if (tid < numNode)
    {
        Real_t one_over_nMass = Real_t(1.)/nodalMass[tid];
        // NaN
        one_over_nMass = (one_over_nMass-one_over_nMass) / (one_over_nMass-one_over_nMass);
        xdd[tid]=fx[tid]*one_over_nMass;
        ydd[tid]=fy[tid]*one_over_nMass;
    }
}
```
Exercise 3: FPChecker Detects NaN Exception

- Run lulesh:
  - ./run_lulesh.sh
- See FPChecker report
- Aborts after report is printed

```
$ ./run_lulesh.sh

========================================
FPChecker (v0.1.0, Jun 23 2019)
========================================
Host ip-172-31-37-229 using GPU 0: Tesla K80
Running until t=0.010000, Problem size=10x10x10

+--------------------------- FPChecker Error Report ---------------------------+
Error         : NaN
Operation     : DIV
File          : lulesh.cu
Line          : 2868
+------------------------------------------------------------------------------+
terminate called after throwing an instance of 'thrust::system::detail::bad_alloc'
  what(): std::bad_alloc: an illegal instruction was encountered
./run_lulesh.sh: line 3: 3344 Aborted (core dumped) ./lulesh -s 5
```
Exercise 4
Exercise 4: INF Exception & ERRORS_DONT_ABORT

- We inject a synthetic a INF exception in LULESH
- FPChecker is run in ERRORS_DONT_ABORT mode
  - Reports the exception
  - It doesn’t aborts on the first exception
  - Program continues running
Exercise 4: INF Exception & ERRORS_DONT_ABORT

Makefile

```
FPCHECKER_PATH = /opt/fpchecker/install
LLVM_PASS = -Xclang -load -Xclang $(FPCHECKER_PATH)/lib/libfpchecker.so \ 
            -I$(FPCHECKER_PATH)/src -DFPC_ERRORS_DONT_ABORT

OTHER_FLAGS = $(LLVM_PASS) -Wno-mismatched-new-delete -Wno-format-extra-args

NVCC = clang++
FLAGS = -g --cuda-gpu-arch=sm_35
DFLAGS = $(OTHER_FLAGS) -lineinfo
RFLAGS = $(OTHER_FLAGS) -O3 -DNDEBUG
```

Flag
Exercise 4: FPChecker Detects INF Exception

- Run lulesh:
  - `./run_lulesh.sh`
- FPChecker report is a single line
- Program continues to run after the error report
- A warning is also reported

```bash
$ ./run_lulesh.sh

========================================
FPChecker (v0.1.0, Jun 23 2019)
========================================
Host ip-172-31-37-229 using GPU 0: Tesla K80
Running until t=0.010000, Problem size=5x5x5
cycle = 1, time = 3.417997e-04, dt=3.417997e-04
cycle = 2, time = 7.519594e-04, dt=4.101597e-04
#FPCHECKER: INF Error at lulesh.cu:2871 (code:#-2, tid:0)
cycle = 3, time = 8.925464e-04, dt=1.405871e-04
#FPCHECKER: Warning at lulesh.cu:2871 (#2.805864e+304, tid:0)
cycle = 4, time = 1.009948e-03, dt=4.101597e-04
```